THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

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	E. ROSEWAT	KR, Editor.	
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Bouth Omaha, Singer HR., Cor. N and Min Street. Commel Budys. IS North Main Street. Chicago Office, 217 Chamber of Commerce. New York, Rossin II. H and B. Tribune Bidg. Washington 107 F Street, N. W. CORRESPONDENCE:

omunications relating to news and edi-DUSINESS LETTERS:

All business letters and remittaneus should be ddressed to The Eve Publishing Company, unath, Drafts, checks and postoffice orders to a made payable to the order of the commany. THE REE PUBLISHING COMPANY

STATEMENT OF CIRCULATION. George B. Tzschuck, secretary of The Ree Pub-ishing company, being duly sworn, says that the ctual number of full and complete copies of the complete copies of the nd Sunday lies printed 1896, was as follows Less deductions for unsold and returned GEORGE H. TZECHUCK. Bworn to before me and subscribed in appresence this lat day of May 1896
N. P. FEIL, Notary Public.

The sureties on the Bolln school board bond have reason to congratulate themselves on getting off so easily.

Isn't this rather early to commence the annual raise in the price of coal? The ice combine has not yet completed its work.

With a chicken farm established in connection with the county poor hospital the unfortunate inmates of that institution ought to be in high feather.

collision of the elements.

All the delegates to the St. Louis convention have been elected. The forefiguring with dummies and base their men whose identities are known.

the coronation fetes as the representa-Omaha.

And now they are talking out in Colorado of Senator Henry M. Teller as candidate of the free silver demoerats for the presidency. Why, then, are they sending Senator Teller to St. Louis at the head of the Colorado delegation to the republican national convention?

Nebraska never was so important a factor in national politics as it is today. It promises to lead the populist national convention and seems to be the hinge upon which the fate of the democracy turns. And even in the prohibition convention it is bound to have a front seat.

It is reported that a Colorado woman last week presided over the most disorderly county convention that was ever held anywhere. But if anyone should intimate that perhaps that was why it was disorderly he would probably be forthwith denounced as a horrid, mean, old thing.

Congress should leave a few of those contested election cases over to its short session next winter. It would be entirely contrary to precedent to dispose of all these cases in time to let the successful contestant take his seat and serve more than half the term for which he was elected.

occurs today. Its action in the selection of a delegation to Chicago and the framing of the instructions under as to the place of Iowa's votes. The convention will declare for Boles and free silver unless all signs fail.

Sending a telegram over 27,500 miles of wire is regarded as a matter of course in this workaday end-of-thenineteenth-century world. But the suggestion one hundred years ago that we might some day communicate almost instantaneously with people distant half way around the globe would have been received as the wildest of hallucinations. The world does move, and it moves rapidly.

How can we have municipal economy and constantly create more offices? Now it is proposed to put on two more men under the plumbing inspector. The whole work of plumbing inspection and sewer connections belongs properly under the engineering department and there is no more necessity for a special plumbing inspector and two assistants than for five wheels to a wagon. The consolidation of city offices will soon be an absolute necessity.

The people of Grand Island and of Omaha want the railroads to run special excursion trains between those cities Saturdays and Sundays. To do and create business for the roads. west. Its elevators dictate the price of grain. Its insurance men tell Nebraskans what rates they must payin short, our people must pay homage metropolis.

thirty-two. This would not be a serious stand? matter so far as the convention is constands

the electoral college and it is an inter- Surely this tariff has been given a fair their delegates would have upon the alone and allowed to continue invember. The expressions of the state results from those already experienced. present a majority of the republicans of leffects would increase. those states regard the cause of free they refuse everything else and east good money and they intend to have possibility they should be on the win- rest until they get that opportunity. ning side all their other interests would

be sacrificed to that of silver?

The republicans of the silver states are in favor of protection. The interests in those states affected by the tariff have suffered severely from demo-Another learned disquisition is in cratic policy and some of these interests order from our amiable contemporary are vastly more valuable than the silthat will enlighten the public whether ver production. The wool interest it was a tornado, a cyclone, a hurricane. alone in two or three of these states is a simoon, a monsoon, or some other of greater value than the annual production of silver in all of them and it has been immensely damaged by the present tariff law. The wool growers of Montana and Utah and Idaho, as casters from now on must leave off well as of California and Oregon, count their losses from free wool at tens of calculations on the expected action of millions of dollars and they understand fully that there can be no relief, no permanent improvement in the con-Field Marshal Yamagata has reached dition, so long as the present tariff Moscow safely and is participating in law remains in force. They know that only by restoring protection to wool tive of the Japanese emperor. But in can this important industry be saved all the festivities we dare say he will from almost complete destruction, and find nothing that will impress him as what is true of wool is no less true of did the so-called railroad depot at every interest affected, by the tariff that has suffered from democratic policy. Free silver alone would help the silver mining industry and only that. It is impossible for them to obtain both free silver and protection. It would seem a reflection upon the inreject the latter if they cannot have prises. he former

There is little reason to doubt that the republican party can elect the president without the votes of the silver states. But none the less it is dedrable to have these states in the republican column and their highest interests should insure their being in that column. And we are inclined to believe, notwithstanding the expressions of conventions and the declarations of extreme free silver leaders, that they will be found there when the election returns are counted in November.

TALKING COLONIAL REFORM.

There appears to be a pretty general centiment among Spanish statesmen, especially those of the liberal faction, in favor of instituting reforms in Cuba, but all seem to be imbued with the idea that great care must be taken to preserve the imperial dignity. It is confessed on all hands that something should be done by way of radically reforming the governmental system in The Iowa state democratic convention in Spain who talks on the subject shows brasks. The money was distributed without dignity" be in some way compromised. This sort of feeling may be appreciated which they are to work will be final in the old world, but in the new there will be little sympathy with it. The people of the American republics, who know and care nothing about "imperial crop, desire to make good the contribution. dignity," will have no teleration for a sentiment that operates to withhold justice from the Cuban people and to prolong the existence of a state of affairs that is deploted by the civilized world. When Spanish statesmen admit that Cuba ought to have colonial autonomy and that her people have reason to demand political reforms, no sort of subterfuge, sentimental or otherwise, will satisfy those who are in sympathy with the heroic efforts of the Cubans to free themselves from a tyrannical oppression. The admission should be followed with the least possible delay by practical efforts to institute the needed changes. It is questionable, however, whether such efforts would make a favorable impression upon the Cubans, They have learned to place no confidence in the Spanish government, whose past promises have been worthless. Besides, they have gone into this conflict to attain independence and they are not now ready, however they may be later on, to seriously consider any other

IT WILL NOT REST.

termination of the struggle.

An eastern democratic organ remarks so would benefit the people, the cities that the business interests of the country would be best subserved by giving The matter, however, was referred to the tariff a rest and by "giving the the Chicago freight pool, and the chair- present high protective rates a fair man said no. Chicago is all-powerful, trial." This is the general democratic Its roads dictate terms to the entire view, but the overwhelming popular sentiment of the country is against it. How can the tariff be given a rest so long as the revenues of the government are less than the expenditures and so and tribute to the rulers of the great long as there is industrial stagnation that should an officer arrest an inno-

general expectation is that if the na- party. There can be no question that curfew idlocy shall remain. tional convention adopts a sound money the great republican victories of the platform and squarely pronounces past two years were brought about by against the free coinage of silver, as the tariff in question. They were prothere is no reason to doubt will be tests against the democratic policy that done, the delegates from the silver is responsible for depression and treasstates will belt. This is plainly the in- mry deficits and government borrowing. tention of those from Colorado and Shall the obvious and unmistakable Idaho and their example will doubt meaning and purpose of these popular less be followed by the delegates from verdlets be ignored and a tariff that Montana, Utah and Nevada, in all is utterly indefensible be allowed to

That tariff has been in operation cerned. It would not in the least emplemently twenty-one months and what barrass the deliberations or the action have been the results? A steadily acof that body, nor would it particularly cumulating treasury deficit, industrial affect the chances of any caudidate for stagnation, depression in every departthe nomination, as the situation now ment of business, a host of people unable to carn subsistence, the public debt But these at the have sixteen votes in and the interest burden growing. esting question as to what effect the trial and there is not the slightest reabolting of the national convention by son to believe that if it were let republican voters at the election in No- definitely it would have any different conventions leave no doubt that at It is more probable, rather, that its ill

It is not necessary to underrate the silver as superior to every other. Will importance of the currency question in they continue in this opinion after an order to recognize the importance of overwhelming majority of the repre- the tariff question. As we have more sentatives of the party have declared than once said, the large majority of against free silver, or will they desert American voters are most deeply conthe party and reject its promise to cerned at this time in a policy that will give the country a new era enable them to earn money, that will of progress and prosperity? Fail- revive the industries of the country and ing to get free silver, will create a demand for labor. They want their votes where they will be in a it, but they also want the opportunity hopeless minority, or where if by any to earn it. And there will be no tariff

> WHAT WILL RESTORE PROSPERITY? What is to make Nebraska prospercus?

Abundant crops.

Diversified production. Raising more corn, hogs, cattle, sheep,

sugar beets, chicory, alfalfa, flax, small fruit and vegetable seeds. Conversion of raw materials Into

manufactured products. More liberal patronage of home in

dustry. A reduction of taxes through honest

and economical government. The strict accountability of public officers for the faithful performance of their duties. The extirpation of boodlerism and

jobbery in every branch of the public The repression of sectional jealousy

and local strife and the cordial cooperation of all Nebraskans in every enterprise that promises to build up Nebraska and develop its resources. The elevation of the standard of

popular integrity by a pronounced and uncompromising hostility to every species of repudiation in either public or private business.

The honest living up to contract obligations and the restoration of confitelligence of the silver state republicans dence among capitalists who are disto assume that they are prepared to posed to invest in Nebraska enter-

The judicious and thorough adver tising of the natural advantages and resources of the state through those most effective mediums, county, district and state fairs and the great Transmississippi exposition.

Nebraska's first effective step in the direction of renewed prosperity has been taken. The most gratifying feature of this movement is that it comes from the honest farmers of Nebraska, who have been sorely tried within the past three years, but are eager to pay their debts even where they were not expected to pay them. The May number of Rand & McNaily's Bankers' Journal pays Nebraska the following compliment:

A year ago a collection was taken up on the Chicago Board of Trade for the purpose of providing grain for seed for farmers in Nebraska and Kansas who had been left by the drouth of the previous year without seed for a new crop. President Baker of the Board of Trade appointed a committee to solicit subscriptions for the purpose and the committee secured \$15,305 and distributed thirty carloads of wheat and thirty the ufflicted island, but every public man five carloads of cats in Kansas and Ne great concern lest "Spanish bonor and any expectation of its being returned, but the secretary of the Board of Trade has recently received a draft for \$6,122, which will pay a 40 per cent dividend on the subectiptions. This money comes from farmers who were aided by the seed distribution, and who, now that they have marketed their

THE REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES. On Thursday of next week the republican primaries will be held in this county to elect delegates to the county convention who are to select 116 dele gates to the state convention, which convenes at Lincoln July 1 to place a full state ticket 'n nomination. Every republican in Douglas county should take an active interest in the primary election in order that tais, the metropolitan county of the state, shall be ereditably represented. This year, as in every year since 1890, Omaha and Douglas county will constitute the battleground. Douglas county is now safely republican, providing the party will nominate a ticket made up of capable men, who are not smirched with political corruption or entangled in factional fends that would deprive them of the undivided support of the rank and file.

The time and place for voicing the sentiment of the party and barring out improper candidates is at the primary election. The Bee has no object to serve and no preferred candidates to advocate for nomination. It deems it its duty, however, to admonish republicans against repeating unpardonable blunders which have resulted disastrously in former campaigus and would this year jeopardize party success when of all times success will be most essential.

The police judge does not hesitate to express his individual opinion of the curfew ordinance. There is no doubt

THE SILVER STATES AT ST. LOUIS. Is the well founded opinion of a large found on the effect after 9 it would Although the silver states will have majority of the American people that cause a shock to the nervous system a very small vote in the national re- these conditions are due to the economic which would be, positively injurious to publican convention and still less in policy of the democratic party as em- the child. Some parents would, per- and the electoral college, the probable action bodied in the existing tariff law and it haps, telerate this abuse, but others the bicycle, of their representatives at St. Louis is is this opinion which has caused the would not and the city is laying itself regarded as of some interest. The remarkable drift to the republican Hable to heavy damages so long as the

The county commissioners are required to remove any justice of the peace known to be a drunkard. The constitution defines drunkenness as ground for Innomblement. So the commissioners have abundant power to de-pose a justice found in his cups. It missioners have abundant power to deought to be done. The poor man takes his disputes to the instice court. He is entitled to the full measure of justice, world. A drunkard cannot administer justice.

The certainty of the exposition has come to be conceded on all hands That the city must be burnished up and put in ship shape for the great show goes without saying. The matter of paving repairs—the replacing of decayed block pavements-must soon engage the attention of the people of this

Rustie Identification. When a man writes "Greater New York" after his name on a hotel register you may know he is from the country.

There is One Left.

The spoils scekers who have been soured by the alarming extension of the civil service rules may gather comfort from the fact that all is not yet lost. The vice presidency has not yet been added to the list.

Excellent in the Aggregate.

If the great northwest never has anything worse to worry about than too much rain its future will be comparatively care There may be localities in which there is too much moisture, but the general effect of this spring's magnificent and widespread rainfall will be excellent on the aggregate

Relief Blocked by Silver. Minneapolis Journal.

This session of congress will show n relief accorded the treasury because the senate has flatly refused to pass tariff and bond bills. The latter would have enabled the secretary to protect the public credit by the sale of short-term emergency paper, nd the tariff bill would have increased revenue which is needed sorely. president is said to be preparing another message asking for treasury relief, but the rea silver conspirators in the senate will moch and kill every effort to get revenue. They want to force the government to silver payments.

Japanese Cheap Labor.

It was scarcely necessary for Minister Duto deny again the story that Japanese manufactures are likely to compete injuriously with American made goods in our own country. It has been fefuted frequently-and yet there is just enough of truth in it to keep it affoat. It is a fact that certain classes of goods are now being made in Japan, on the older of American merchants, sale in the United States, but there is very little danger that the amount of such nanufactures will ever be considerable enough to excite alarm. Should it become at all threatening, however, a restrictive tariff can be placed on Japanese goods as well as on those from any o her country.

Depewis Message. Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

Dr. Depew makes a good after-dinner speech, tells well a humorous story, and has delivered a number of addresses that are marked by a certain state elequence and dignity. But he can't write an epigram. At least, he did not when he was called upon. Saturday night, to send a message ound the world. Here is what he said: "God created, nature treasures and science utilizes electrical power for the grandeur of

nations and the peace of the world." That is turgid, stilted and commonplace. Compare it with the famous message of Compare it with the famous message of Cyrus W. Field-or was it Samuel Finley Breese Morse who wrote?-"What hath God There is majesty in these four wrought!' words, dignity, and they are as simple as they are majestic. They leave something to the imagination. They speak to each reade according to the capacity of each. They are all of Anglo-Saxon origin-and all short Of the twelve chief words in Dr. Depew's nessage, ten are of Latin or Greek origin. Everybody remembers the first. Let the be forgotten as Dr. Depew's only failure.

IOWA PRESS COMMENT.

Ottumwa Democrat: Nearly all the lead ng business men of Ottumwa are democrats Vo: we can call to mind but one that is in favor of the free coinage of silver.

Des Molnes Capital: The people of south ern Iowa will all regret the death of sterling old William Bradley of Centerville. ranked along with the venerable Edwin Manning of Keosauqua as one of the old-fash ned business men of the state. Sioux City Tribune: If the libel suits prought by Dr. Traer of Vinton against

several Iowa newspapers has the effect of rousing the press to a sense of the f modern libel laws in Iowa they will have one good service. This paper has often argued the character of the Traer suits is such as e emphasize the need of it.

Sigux City Times: A young man from a mall college in southern Iowa recently carled off the honors in an interstate oratorical contest in Kansas City against good peakers from a half dezen states, and las cek a debating team from the Iowa State university won out in a talking contest in Minneapolis with representatives of the State University of Minnesota. Dubuque Herald: And now comes the pro-

hibition state convention of Iowa and adopts a platform in favor of the free and unlimited inage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1. The language is very near the same as that of the democratic convention of Dubuque county, and the idea is identical. What is to be thought when the democrats of Dubuque ounty and the prohibitionists of Iowa get to adopting the same platform? It would seem as if this fact alone would be sufficient to call a halt.

Sioux City Journal. Preparations are being made for a grand reunion of old sol-diers in Lincoln the last week of August. On the first day the present governor of Nebraska and all the ex-governors living are to be invited to speak. General Prentiss will speak on the second eap on Shiloh, and on Vicksburg day General Miles and General Manderson will speak. The fourth day is to be Gettysburg day, and William McKinley and John M. Thurston are to speak. On Ap-pemsition day Robbin G. Ingersall and Chap-lain McCabe are to talk. If the program is carried out in this facilion the reunion will be one of the most absolute held in the west for a long time.

PERSONAL MA OTHERWISE.

Kalser William the declared against clergy-men taking any part in political affairs. He says they should mind the souls of the com-munity. The secretary of the treasury and Mrs.

Carliele have taken a house for the summer at Marion, a short distance from the home of the president at Buzzard's bay. There seems to be a fair chance that Americans will be able to take their summer jaunts in flying machines before this

amazing century comes to an end. Victor B. Dolliver, younger brother of the Tenth (Iswa) district congressman, passed a creditable examination before the Iswa sueme court last week and was admitted to

Miss Emma L. Monroe, a little woman of 15 summers, has now full charge of the At-talla Beacon (Alahama). She is said to be the youngest editor in the state, and conducts her paper admirably.

An English newspaper remarks that "many of the most agracable people in the world will gather at Moscow." "Pedigreeable" would have been a more agreeable adjective. and an army of unemployed labor? It cent, sensitive and high-strung child buildings on two down town blocks in the

tenement regions in order to setablish two The property will cost \$1.117 .-

The wife of Sepator-elect Foraker of Ohio with them to Washington when the senator's official term begins.

Miss Jane Stone, a Philadelphia girl, has gone into the oil business in the newly dis-covered peiroleum fields in Tennessee. She makes her own leases. It is her purpose to drill ten wells before fall, and she has con-tracted for 100,000 feet of lumber for her derricks.

TALK ABOUT SILVER.

Chicago Tribune: The system of nature ght, obtained by reflection from the sun. night. in the currency of the civilized part of the

Chicago Journal: The plea is sometimes put forward that it is no worse for these silver mine owners to want to sell to the government than it is for the gold mine owners; that the government is bound just much to take care of one class as it is of the other. But there is no obligation on the part of the government to take care of either Its purchases of gold are made without any feeling or consideration for the gold mine owners. It buys from them because they happen to have what it wants. Neither the ground of sympathy or interest there any reason why the western outhern farmers should ally themselves with Mr. Teller and his friends.

New York Mail and Express: Ex-Governor Boles of Iowa, who seeks the democratic nomination for president on a free silver platform, has written a letter, in which he declares that wages, and especially farm wages, are too high, and should reduced. There can be no question about the Iowa statesman's courage in this matter. He has boldly preclaimed one of the cardinal doctrines of the democratic patty, and one which none of his rivals for the nomination is brave enough to utter. Uncle Horace represents the true democratic idea of labor question, and his platform is: Lo wages, free trade, free silver and legislation o make poverty a household word.

Kansas City Journal: Uncle Horace Boles has made the wonderful discovery that wages are too high in this country and ought to be reduced. Uncle Horace can justly lay claim to being the original discoverer of this surprising condition of things. No one, not even among the wage earners themselves ever once suspected that the country's troubles were partly due to an excess of compensa tion for its working people. In fact, there was generally a prevalent opinion that the lowness of wages, and, in many cases, the total lack of wages, forced on the country by the democratic tariff policy, were the primary and principal causes of many of the people's miseries. It was supposed that even such a staunch democrat as Uncle Horace would be ready to admit now, after three years of Cleveland hard times, that wages are sufficiently low. The country ertain not to take the Boies view of this nteresting subject, and for this and several other reasons Uncle Horace is quite likely not to be the next president of the United States.

POLITICAL BLASTS.

Chicago Tribune: Now that McKinley's elation to the St. Louis convention has be ome "sine qua non" it is coupled with 'cum Quay, nit." Globe-Democrat: The Bland beom ap-ears to be principally remarkable for its

lack of spreading capacity. In other words, it has not yet succeeded in extending itself beyond the limits of Missouri. Boston Traveler: Chairman Harrity de clares that the democrate are not a bit hope-less over the outlook, which is probably true, for the rank and file of the party care se little about the election that they do not have such an active feeling as hopelessness.

Washington Dispatch to the Chicago tecord: Senator Hill thinks that the action of the Chicago convention on the money question will be very close and may depend pon the sixteen votes from Nebraska, There ill be contesting delegations from that state and the national committee, which makes up the roll, will undoubtedly recognize the "regulars," who are led by Secretary Morton and Euclid Martin, instead of the 16-to-1 faction, which is led by ex-Representative faction, which is Senator Hill counts Illinois for sil-Bryan. ver on the advice of Senator Palmer, wh believes that Al geld will get the delegation.

NEWSPAPER MEN WILL BANQUET. Associated Press Members Gathering at the Lake City.

NEW YORK, May 19 .- A party of distin guished newspaper men left today in the Pennsylvania limited for Chicago to attend the annual meeting and banquet of the Asso clated press in that city tomorrow. Among those in the party are Hon. Charles Emory Smith, Philadelphia Press; Colonel Clayton Philadelphia North American Mr. John Norris, New York World; Mr. J. S. Seymour, New York Evening Post; Mr. Fos ter Coates, New York Commercial Adver tieer; Mr. Stephen O'Meara, Boston Journal E. L. H. McDowell, Lewiston, Me., Sun; Mr John S. Baldwin, Worcester, Mass. Mr. A. P. Langtry, Springneid, Mass., Mr. C. G. Sherman, Trey Standard: J. A. McCarthy, Albany Press and Knickerbocker Mr. George W. Hills, Bridgeport Post; Ger erai Felix Agnus, Baltimore American; Mr Frank A. Richardson, Baltimore Sun; Mr C. H. Grady, Baltimore News; Mr. N. Brech ioeffer, Baltimore Herald; Mr. Frank B Noves, Washington Star; Mr. R. H. Cabanni Atlanta Journal; Mr. Charles S. S. Diehl, as sistant general manager of the Associated press, and Mr. C. F. McMichael of the Philadelphia North American. Other eastern nembers of the Associated press left yester day and today over other routes.

Mr. Horace White of the New York Even-ing Post and Mr. St. Clair McKelway of the Brooklyn Eagle and Mr. Herman Ridder of the New York Stants Zeitung, who had expected to attend the annual meeting, were prevented at the last moment by persona and business engagements.

CLEVELAND TO PRESS THE BUTTON. President to Inaugurate the Grand National Saengerfest. PITTSBURG, May 19.-President Cleve-

land has written to the executive committee of the Twenty-eighth National saengerfest which begins in Pitteburg June 8, that he will be unable to attend, but that he will be with the German singers and the monster audience in spirit at the reception concert and will open the accurerfest by the touch of an electric button at the white house. A monster flag is to be made of red white and blue glass bulbs, which, at a

given signal, will be illuminated by an electric wire having a circuit direct the saengerfest hall and the white house The illumination will take place just before the reception concert, after the audience is seated. In this manner the president will declare the great national fest of sons officially opened.

KILLED IN A SINGULAR ACCIDENT Framp Meets Death While Riding in n flox Car. TOLEDO, May 19.-One man was killed

and six injured by a singular accident on a Lake Shore freight today. The train was going westward at the outside of the city when the air hose broke near the middle of the train setting the brakes on the front half of the train. The rear portion came for ward with such terrible force that one empty stock car was doubled together as if it had been a paper box. In the rear were seven tramps stealing a ride. Frank Harms, Washington, Ga., had his

head crushed and will die. He was an empicye of Sells & Forepaugh's circus and left the show yesterday. The others were more or less seriously injured. They all lived in the south and east.

Still Fighting Forest Fires. PLYMOUTH, Mass., May 19.—The forest fire wardens and a part of the fire depart

ment are engaged in a desperate struggle with a fire in the woods west of the village which threatens the safety of a number of dwellings in the vicinity. A southwesterly wind is blowing forty miles an hour. In spite of the efforts of the department the fire cor tinues to spread. After having swept throug-St. Joseph's cemetery the flames split, going in a southerly direction, while the other ran toward Oak Ridge. According to the latest advices, the fires are still burning.

ON THE BANKRUPTCY BILL

her three daughters are enthusiasts on bicycle. They will take their whoels Nebraska Senators Briefly Outline Their Attitude Toward the Measure.

OBJECT TO THE INVOLUNTARY FEATURE

Willing to Vote for a Law that Would Aid an Honest Bankrupt to Be-

gin Life Over in Bustness.

WASHINGTON, May 19.- (Special Telegram.)-Nebraska senators are being urged by their constituents to favo the passage of the bankruptcy bill. an interview had with Senator Allen he stated he would favor any reasonable voluntary measure, believing that the debter class should have some measure of protection, but he would oppose the involuntary feature of the bill as attached in the

Senator Thurston stated that he was on protect an honest bankrupt and permit him to start again in business. There is no probability that a bankrupt law will be passed as this session, the disposition of the republican steering ocmmittee being against any legislation which will have to run a chance of the president's disapprobation and excite wide criticism, no matter how just the meas ure is

The location of the Mitchell, S. D., land office, which has kicked up no end of a row on account of local officials wanting it removed to a different section of town, has been summarily disposed of by the Interior department, ordering all agitation to cease and the office to remain in its old location. Local people even went so far as to remove the office, there being a question of politics

Representative Gamble of South Dakota has succeeded in getting the conference committee of the house on the part of the deficiency bill to insist upon the retention of the appropriation for the fish batchery at Spear ish and the assay office at Deadwood, The Deadwood public building bill is hung up in committee on public buildings and grounds. the determination of the house being to vote no money for new public buildings at this session. Possibly next winter the delegation rom South Dakota may be able to pass the bill, but now it is absolutely impossible Senator Thurston introduced a bill to for the relief of Charles L. Wood of North

Platte, late postmaster of that place, who made an error of \$100 in his quarterly account, and who now seeks to have his rating ectified by a special bill; also a bill appropriating four condemned cannon for S. A. Douglas post, Grand Army of the Republi North Platte; also a bill for the relief of Lewis Keiser of Hubbell, Neb, Representative Mercer introduced the res-

olutions of the democratic state convention held at Lincoln, favoring the Transmississippi exposition at Omaha. Representative Pickler of South Dakota introduced a number of pension bills for his

Hon, George A. Johnson, chairman of the rallway commissioners of South Dakota, is in the city. The delegation of Otoe and Missouri In dians now in the city will have an interview

constituency.

with Secretary Smith temorrow. ALCOHOL USED IN THE ARTS.

Rebate Provided by the Wilson Bill to Be Knocked Out. WASHINGTON, May 19 .- The question of repealing the portion of the internal revenue law providing for a rebate on alcohol used in the arts and medicine received the attention of the senate committee on finance today. of the senate committee on finance today. The entire committee is favorable to the bill with the exception of Senator Platt and the conversation in the committee today revealed a very general desire to have it passid upon before adjournment.

While no absolute determination to that effect was reached, the understanding is that

While no absolute determination to that affect was reached, the understanding is that he bill will again be called up when the appropriation bills are somewhat more advanced. The friends of the bill in committee expressed the opinion that they would be able to pass the bill, but they realized that there will be a disposition to debate it and that the desire for early adjournment may stand in their way.

QUAY GOING TO SEE M'KINLEY

Says His Visit Has No Significance in a Political Sense. WASHINGTON, May 19.—Senator Quay said today that if the business of the senute occupying his time could be arranged that he was going to his home in Pennsylvania and would go on from there to Canton, O.

When asked what his visit meant he replied that it did not mean anything; that he vas going to Canton to talk over the financial question.

Would Improve the Indian Service. WASHINGTON, May 19 .- The secretary of the interior has forwarded to Chairman Sher man of the house committee on Indian affairs favorable report on the Teller bill providing for the abolition of the offices of commissioner of Indian affairs and the assistant commissioner and the substitute therefor of board of three Indian commissioners. The board is to consist of two members of site political faiths and the other is to be an army officer. The only change in the bill uggested by Secretary Smith is the striking the provision that the army officer must be above the rank of major.

Arrange for Recounting the Votes. WASHINGTON, May 19 .- The house comnittee on elections No. 1 today adopted regulations to govern the recount of the disputed cotes involved in the Rinaker-Downing contest from Illinois, provided in the reso adopted by the house today. Extra clerical assistance will be engaged and provisions will be made for representation of both parties o the contest during the recount and att disputes which may arise will be referred to the committee.

Russian Minister Will Entertain. WASHINGTON, May 19.—The Russian ninister has sent to the president and memers of the cabinet and a large number of public personages invitations to attend the mburbs of Washington, on June 6, in honor of the coronation of the czar.

Code of Uniform Punishments. WASHINGTON, May 19.-After careful examination the president has approved the report of a naval board appointed to prepare

a code of uniform punishments for naval offenses, and hereafter the navy will enjoy with the army the advantages of uniformity in the sentences that may be imposed by court-martial for offenses of a similar char-

acter. The new code will be published in general orders in the course of a few days. Contracts for Indian Supplies. WASHINGTON, May 19.-The annual letting of contracts for supplying the Indian service begun at Chicago over two weeks ago will be completed at New York beginning today. The force of five clerks from the Indian bureau here who were detailed to Chicago have gone direct from there to the New York warehouse. Commissioner Browning went to New York yesterday with Inspector McLaughlin and Superintendent

who will act as experts in selecting Indian lothes. The amount involved in the New York contracts is estimated at \$800,000 and the bids mostly will be for furnishing goods, coffee, etc. Assistant Commissioner will relieve Commissioner Browning later in the week. Imprisonment Clause Considered. WASHINGTON, May 19 .- The house com mittee on commerce considered again today the Sherman bill to repeal the imprisonment clause of the interstate commerce act. Last week there was a somewhat stormy meeting

Taylor of the Chilocco, Okl., Indian school,

over the bill in which charges of railroad inrecord as favoring any measure which would fleence were made, and today it was decided by a vote of 16 to 4 to restore it to its former place on the house calender. Favors Schools of Mines Bill. WASHINGON, May 19 .- The house comnittee on public lands has ordered a favor-

able report on the bill for the maintenance

schools of mines in the public land states

and territories by granting each state, from the proceeds from the sale of mineral lands, \$15,000 for the current year and an annual increase of \$1,000 per year for ten years. Torsney's Nomination Confirmed. WASHINGTON, May 19.-The senate, in executive session, today confirmed the nomination of John C. Tarsney of Missouri to be

associate justice of the supreme court of the territory of Oklahoma. Condition of the Treasury. WASHINGTON, May 19.-Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows:

Available cash balance, \$267,299,907; gold reserve, \$113,510,688. More Gold Taken from the Treasury. WASHINGTON, May 19 .- The treasury today lost \$231,500 in gold coin and \$5,300 in gold bars, making the gold reserve \$112,310,-106.

BRIGHT AND BREEZY.

Detroit Free Press: Madge-I always select tragic stories for hot weather reading! Mabel-On what principle, dear?

Madge-They make my blood run cold! Harper's Razar: "I understand Jones is pressed for money." "Yes, I saw his pocketbook the other day. It looked as if it had been pressed by a flat-

Pittsburg Chronicle: "There is some strik-ing news in the paper," remarked North-side, "Labor troubles or a congressional com-mittee meeting?" asked Southside.

Somerville Journal: "You can buy a parrot for only 10 cents in some parts of South America." "That is really cheaper than it is to swear yourself." Yonkers Statesman: Mrs. Hichurch-That

was an excellent sermon the rector gave us this morning, wasn't it?

Mr. Hichurch—Yes; I wonder whose it Chicago Tribune: "Rivers, why don't you buy your own matches once in a while?" 'Smoking the b and of cigars I do, Brooks,

I (puff) can't afford (puff) to buy matches. Thanks, o'd fellow. I'll take five or six if you don't mind. Beastly strong pipe you're smoking. Why don't you buy a new one?" San Francisco Examiner: Insurance

Indianapolis Journal: It was Grandpa Aaron's fath birthday, and one enthuslastic member of the family thought to add to the joyousness of the reunion and ce-chration by letting off a display of fireworks I guess I'm much obliged " said the old "but I do hope this to what I am coming to before many more

Detroit Tribune: "And must you say fare-

Detroit Tribune: "And must you say fare-well?" she implied to his bosom.

"My darling," he answered, "surely you do not want me to be fined for taking liberties with my lines?"

Meanwhile, the orchestra played fitfully, in imitation of the sound of the fates, silently weaving the woof of destiny.

DEFENSE. New York Press Said a wife. "There's a durling old fellow! Do go out buy you a 'cello, So the flat up above Will be vacant, my love, And we won't hear that 2-year-old L low!"

"NIGGER MIGHTY HAPPY." J. A. Macon in Lenoir (N. C.) Topic Hot start a ru n n' when de ove seer callin'; Whipperwill holler when de jew draps fallin'; Ducks keep a-quackin' when de hard rain

po'in':
Crows flock togedder when de young corn growin':
Pig gwine to squeal when de milkmaid churnin'; Nigger mighty happy when the blackberry turnin'. Squ'el go to jumpin' when de scaly barks Bee-martin sail when de honey bee hummin'; Lean horse nicker when de punkin vine spreadin'; Rabbit back his ear when de cabbage-stalk

headin'; Rooster start a-crowin' when de broad day breakin'; Nigger mighty happy when de hoe-cake bakin'. Big fish flutter when he done cotch de ericket;
Bullfrog libely when he singing in de thicket;
Mule gits slicker when plantin' time is over; Colt mighty ga'ly when you turn him in de An' it come mighty handy to de nigger man

When he soppin' in de gravy wid a big yam tater! Black snake waitin' while de ole hen hatchin'; Sparrow hawk lookin' while de little chicken Big owl jolly when de little bird singin': sum gwine to clam whar de ripe

mons swingin Nigger mighty happy-if he ain't wuf a When he's startin' out co'tin' wid a tall standin' collar!

